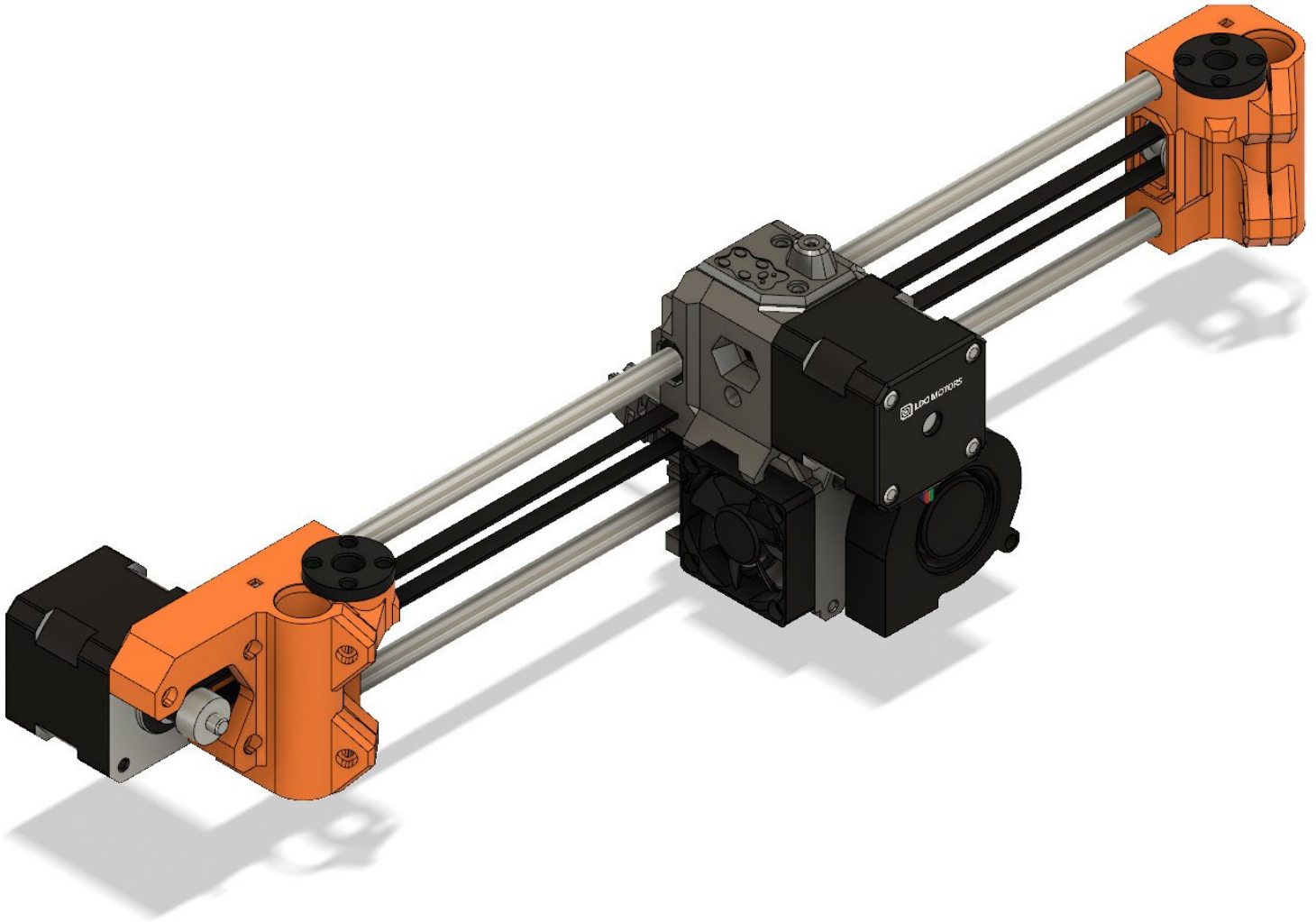


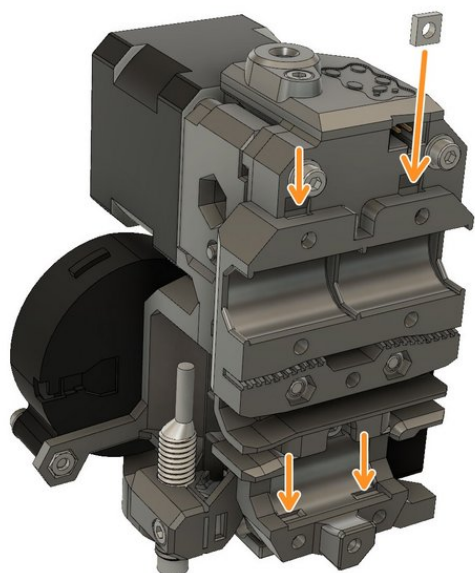
Bear Lab

4. Extruder and X axis assembly

Written By: Grégoire Saunier

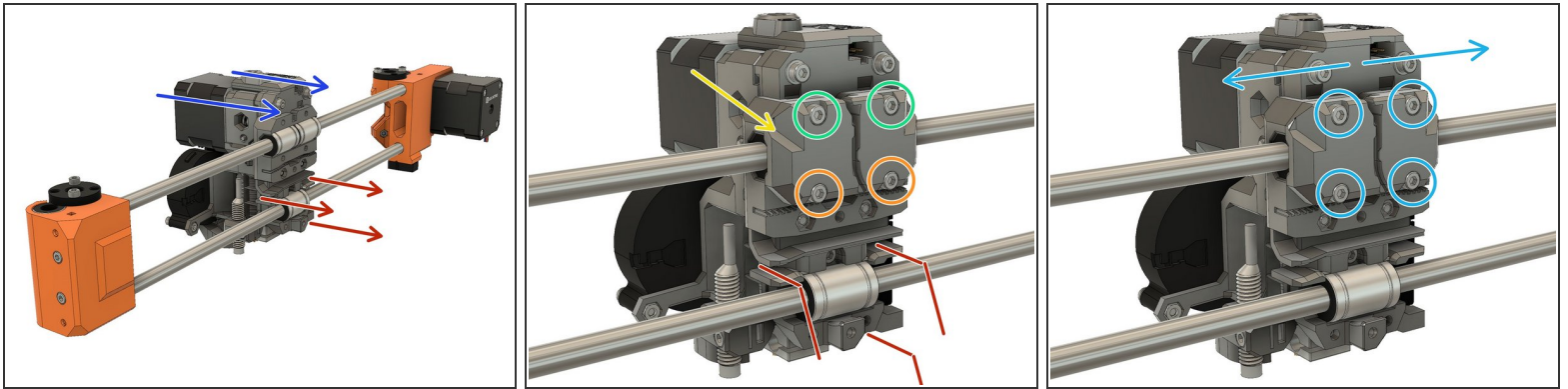


Step 1 — X carriage preparation



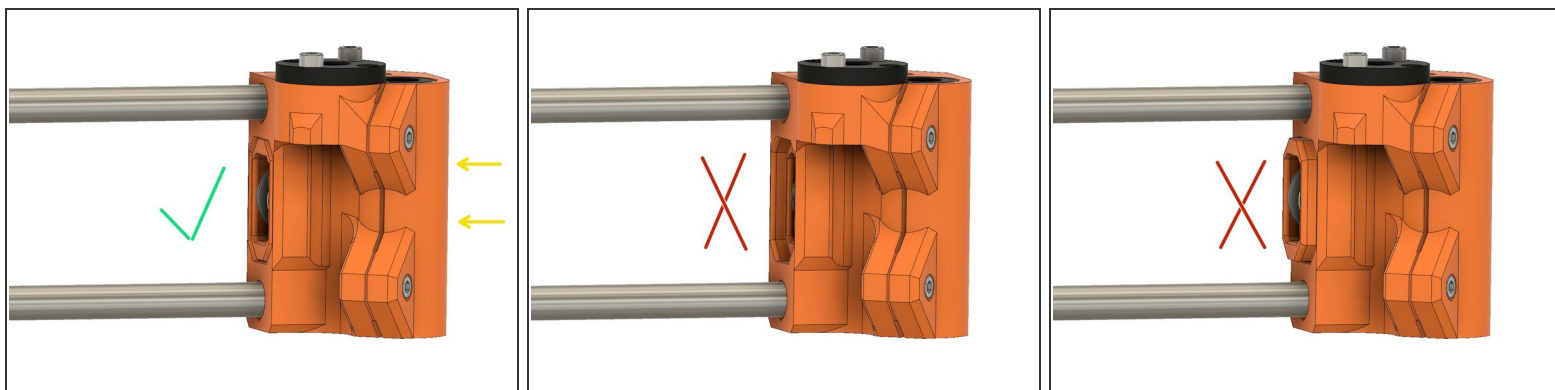
- Insert four M3 square nuts on the *x_carriage_back*
- ① Tweezers are handy to insert those square nuts.
- ① If you have trouble inserting the top left square nut, slowly unscrew the M3x40mm screw just above.

Step 2 — Extruder attachment



- Clamp the extruder on the top and bottom linear bearings of the X axis
- Make sure all cables, except the hotend cables, are running on top of the bottom smooth rod (between two X smooth rods). The hotend cable should stay under the bottom smooth rod.
- Clamp the top of the *x_carriage_back*
- Secure it with two M3x10 screws in top holes. Don't tighten them right now!
- Finish securing it with two M3x18 screws in bottom holes. Don't tighten them right now
- Alternatively tighten the four screws while moving the extruder. Don't over tighten them.

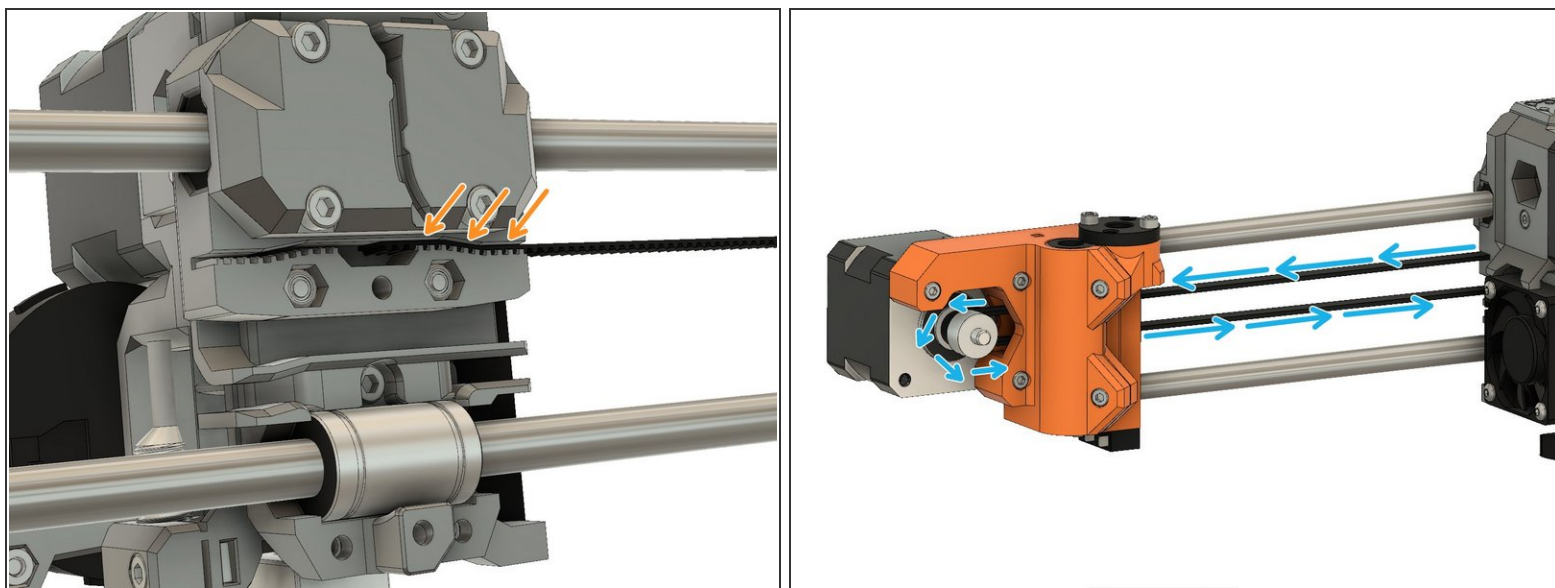
Step 3 — Prepare belt routing



- Adjust the two *x_end_idler* screws so that the *x_end_idler_tensioner* is flush with the *x_end_idler*, as shown in the first image.

⚠ Verify that the *x_end_idler_tensioner* is not recessed into, or proud of, the *x_end_idler*. It should **not** look like the second or third image.

Step 4 — Attach the X belt

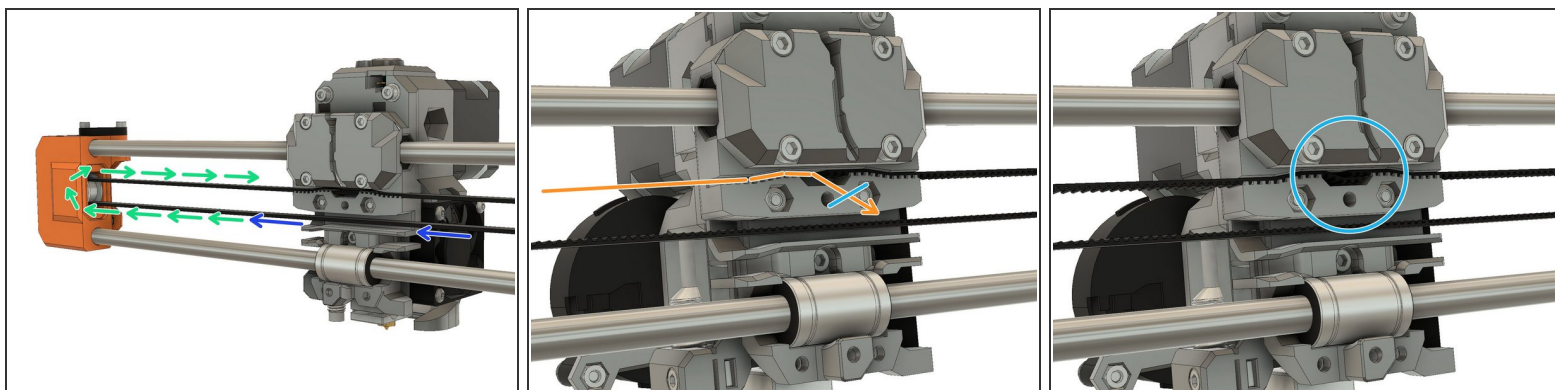


- Slide one end of the 2GT drive belt into the right side of the *x_carriage*.

⚠ Verify that the belt is fully inserted into the slot and that it extends into the central space.

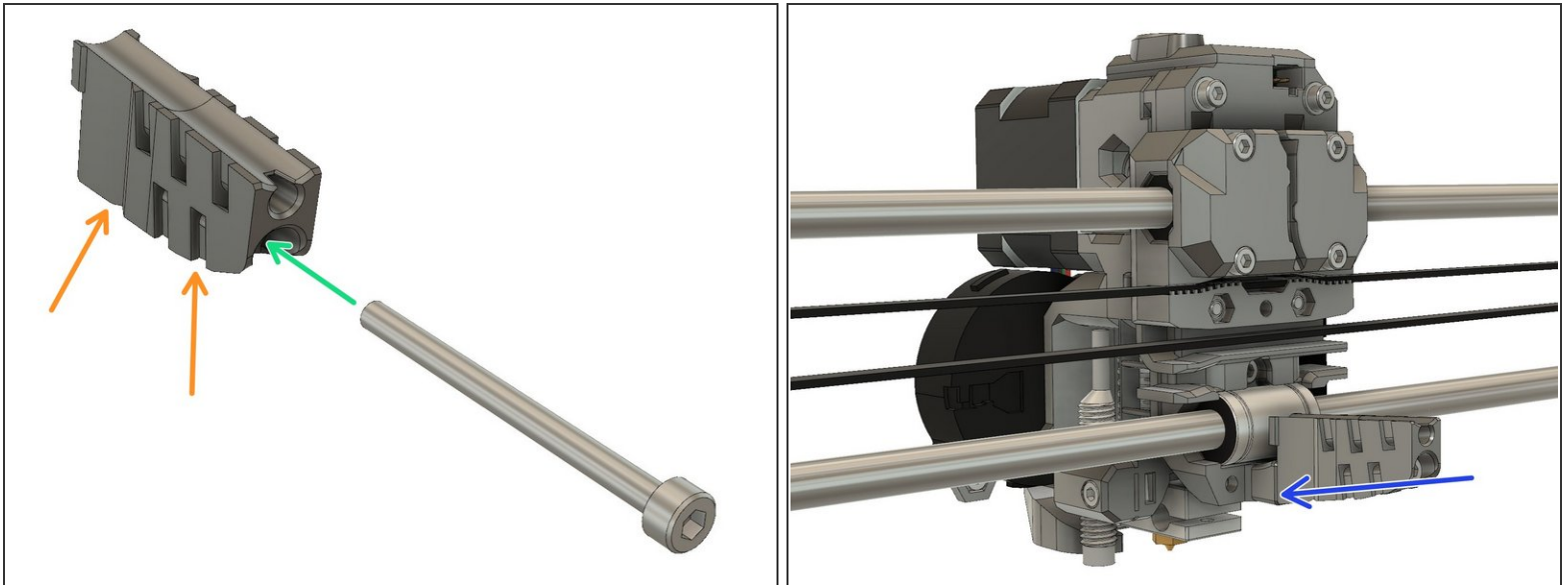
- Route the drive belt through the *x_end_motor*, around the drive pulley and back out through the *x_end_motor*.

Step 5 — Attach the X belt



- Route the drive belt through the *x_carriage*.
- Continue to route the drive belt around the idler of the *x_end_idler_tensioner* and go back in the direction of the *x_carriage*.
- To finish routing the drive belt, partially insert the belt into the *x_carriage*
- ⓘ The belt should have almost no tension, it will be adjusted later.
- Trim the belt to length, leaving a few teeth to extend into the central space. Finish by fully inserting the belt into the *x_carriage*
- ⚠ Verify that the belt is fully inserted into the slot and that it extends into the central space. You can use tweezers or a small screwdriver to ensure that the belt is pushed fully into the slot.
- ⚠ Verify that no cable is pinched by the belt.

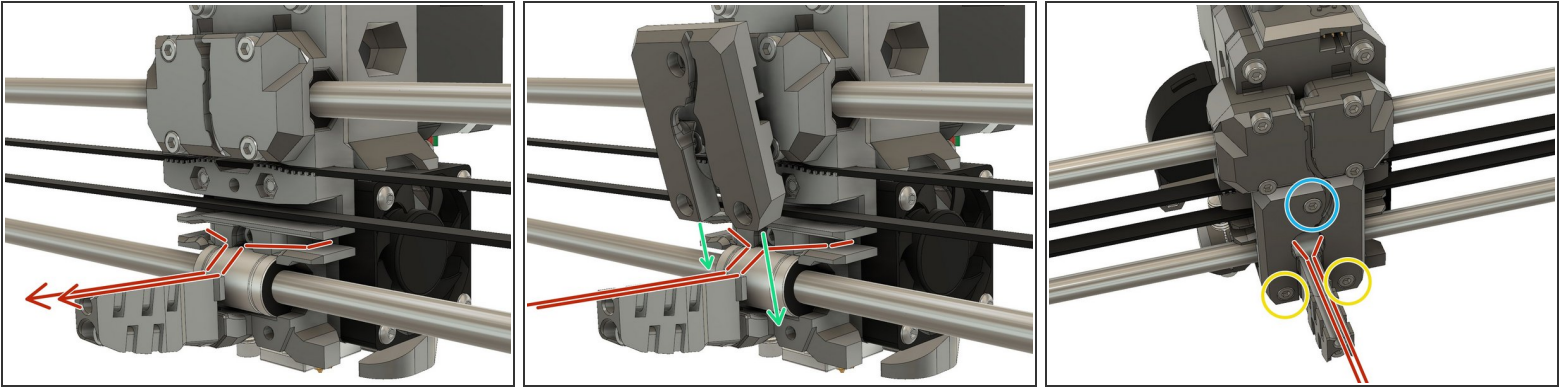
Step 6 — Cable guide back



- Hold *cable_guide_back_a* and *cable_guide_back_b* together
- Slide an M3x40 screw through them
- Screw the M3x40 screw into the *x_carriage*

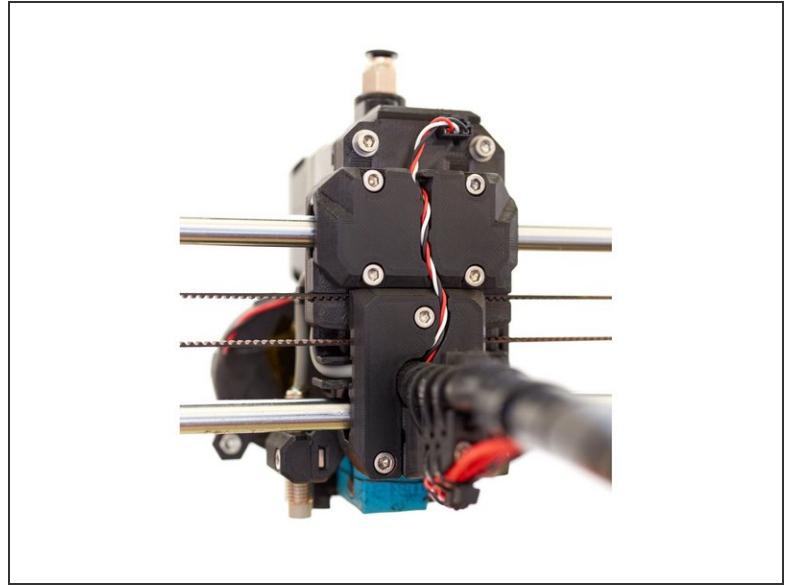
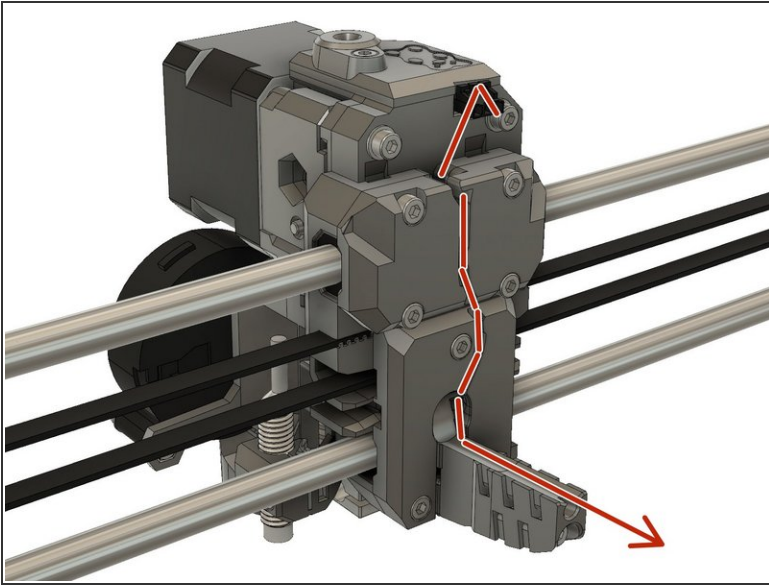
⚠ The M3x40 screw should be at a slight angle to the horizontal while you are tightening it.

Step 7 — X carriage back bottom and cables



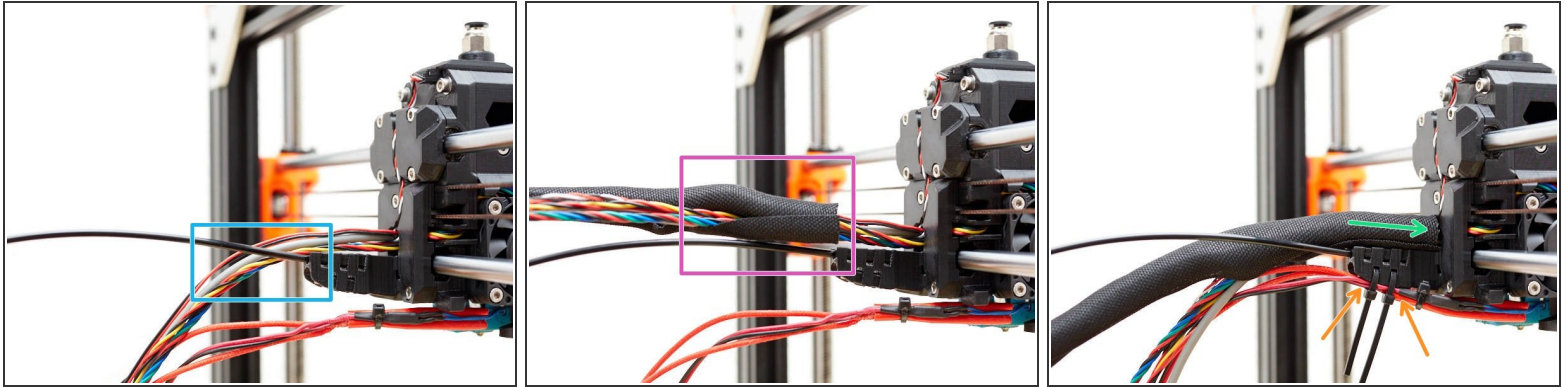
- Carefully gather the Extruder motor, hotend fan, PINDA and nozzle fan cables, into a single bundle. Make sure that the cables are routed through the channels provided for them, as shown in the first image
- Slide the bottom of the *x_carriage_back* carefully over the cable bundle. Ensure that the cables are in their channels and that none of the cables are pinched against the *x_carriage* or *x_carriage_back*.
- Secure the bottom of the *x_carriage_back* with one M3x18 screw,
- and two M3x10 screws.

Step 8 — Filament sensor cable



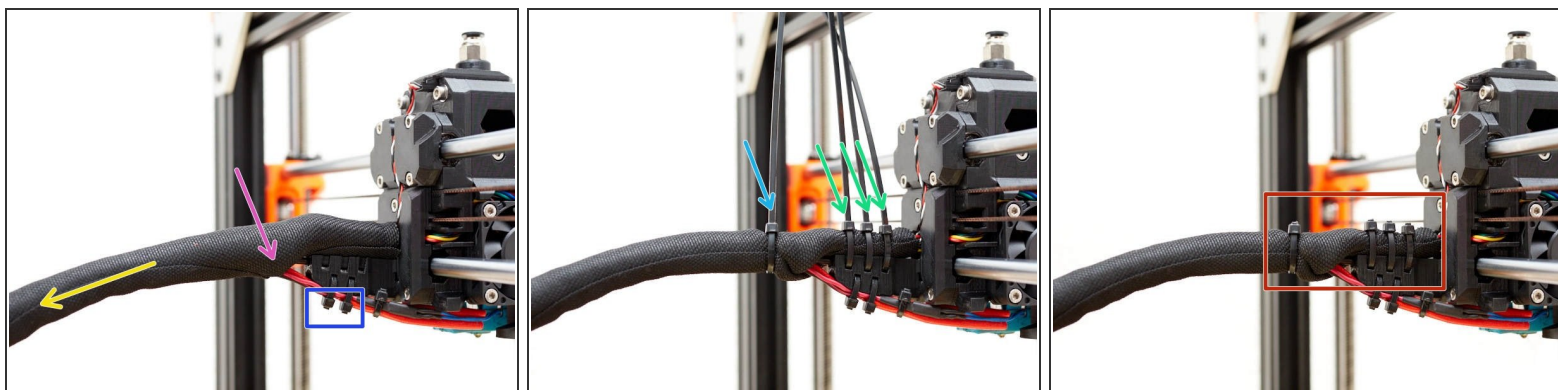
- Plug the filament sensor cables into the filament sensor connector. The red wire of the cable should be on the left (on the PSU side), when connected to the filament sensor.
 - Route the filament sensor cable through the channel in the *x_carriage_back*.
- ⚠ Create a small loop of cables close to the filament sensor connector. This is to reduce potential stress on the cable, caused by movement of the extruder.

Step 9 — Extruder cables



- ❗ If you do not have the textile sleeve, these instructions apply to the plastic spiral wrap as well.
- ❗ The textile sleeve should be 13mm outside diameter and 490mm long.
 - Insert the 3 mm nylon filament into the end of the *cable_guide_back*.
 - The nylon filament should slide in at least 10 mm. If you have trouble inserting it, the nylon filament end may be tapered. by a diagonal cut and/or needle nose pliers may be used to get a better grip..
 - Wrap a few centimetres of the textile sleeve around all of the cables coming out of the *x_carriage_back*. Do not wrap the nylon or hotend cables.
 - Slide the textile wrap up to the *x_carriage_back* and make it as tight as possible around the cables.
 - Insert two zip ties, through the bottom of the cable guide and use then to secure the hotend cables. Take care to position the zip ties as shown.

Step 10 — Extruder cables



- Gather the extruder cable bundle, the 3mm nylon stiffener and the hotend cables together.
 - Continue to wrap the textile sleeve around all of the cables right up to the end.
 - Trim the two bottom zip ties.
 - Add 3 zip ties to secure the textile sleeve to the top of the *cable_guide_back*. Ensure that the ties are arranged as shown.
 - Add one more zip tie after the junction with hotend and nylon cables.
 - Trim the zip ties.
- i** It is important that the heads of the zip ties are arranged, so that they are at the top or bottom of the cable bundles, otherwise they may interfere with the full travel of the extruder along the x-axis.

Step 11 — Wiring extruder to Rambo



- Follow the original Prusa manual to connect your extruder cables on the Mini-Rambo / Einsy-Rambo:
 - [MK3S guide](#)
 - [MK2.5S guide](#)

Step 12 — Next chapter



- Congratulations you have finished this chapter :-)
- Go to the next chapter: [5. Final adjustments and calibration](#)