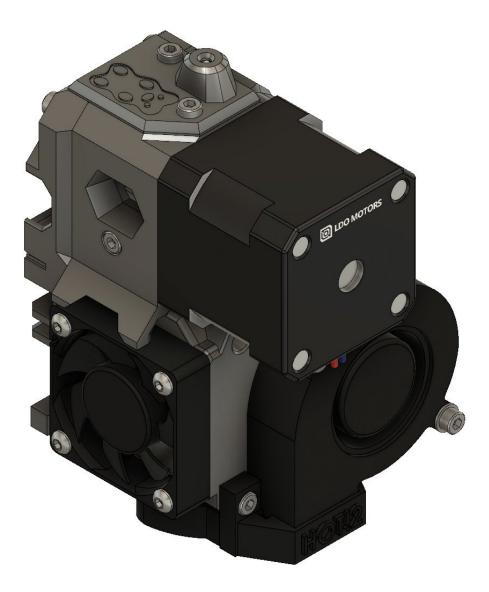
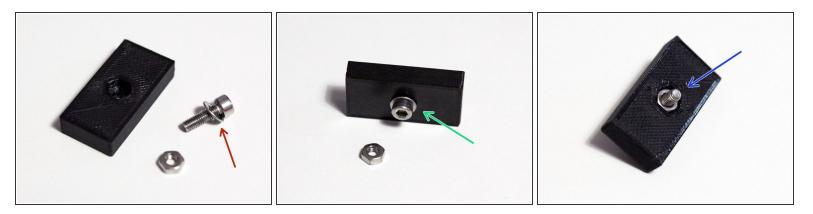
# Bear Lab

## 3. Extruder

Written By: Grégoire Saunier



#### Step 1 — How to insert nuts



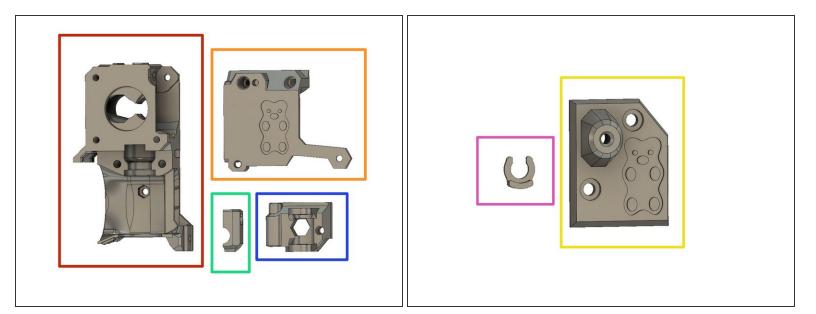
(i) Inserting Hex Nuts: To assure that hex nuts are properly seated, do the following:

- Insert a screw through a washer.
- Insert the screw through the hole on the flat side (not the hex cavity side).
- Add the hex nut on the screw and tighten the screw.

 $\bigwedge$  Ensure the hex nut is aligned with the hex cavity while tightening.

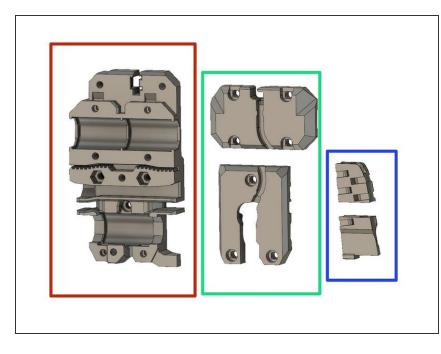
- When the nut is fully seated, you need to remove the screw being careful not to dislodge the nut.
- (i) Inserting Nyloc Nuts: You can use the same method as hex nuts.
- (i) Inserting Square Nuts: They tend to fall out if the piece holding them is inverted. After they are inserted, check that they are properly seated by inserting a screw to engage that nut.

## Step 2 — Extruder parts



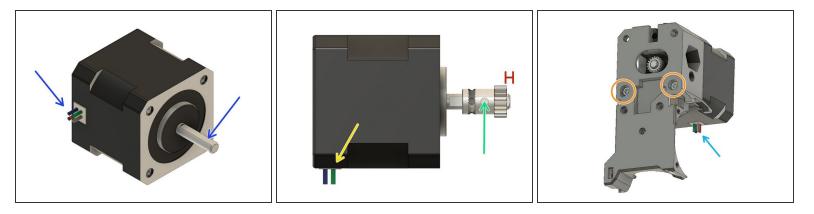
- extruder\_body
- extruder\_cover
- extruder\_idler
- pinda\_mount
- hotend\_collet\_clip
- filament\_sensor\_cover

## Step 3 — X carriage parts



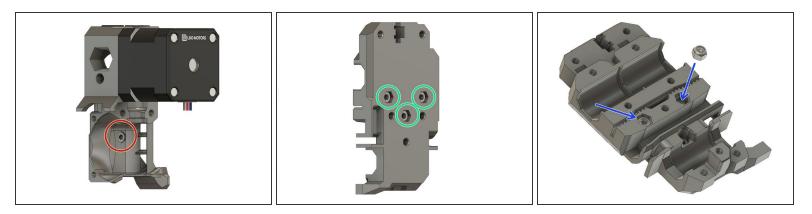
- x\_carriage
- x\_carriage\_back
- *cable\_guide\_back* (part A and B)

#### Step 4 — Extruder motor



- Locate the extruder motor so the wires face to the left. Rotate the shaft so that the flat is facing up.
- Mount the Bondtech pulley on the extruder motor shaft with the toothed portion on top with the set screw contacting the flat portion of the shaft.
- The motor shaft should protrude by approximately 1mm.
- Secure the set screw to avoid the gear moving. We will fine tune the position later.
- Verify the motor cables orientation.
- Secure the extruder motor to the *extruder\_body* using two M3x25 screws.
- Verify the motor cables orientation

## Step 5 — X carriage preparation



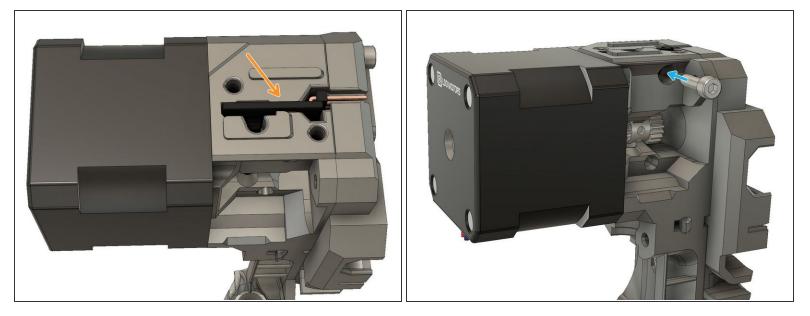
- Press an M3 hex nut into the *extruder\_body*.
- Insert three M3 hex nuts
- Insert two M3 nylock hex nuts

#### Step 6 — X carriage assembly



- Verify that the M3x25mm screws are snug
- Using an M3x10 screw attach the *extruder\_body* to the *x\_carriage*.
- Using an M3x40 screw and an M3 washer attach the *extruder\_body* to the *x\_carriage*.
- Nerify that *extruder\_body* and *x\_carriage* are correctly aligned. Adjust if necessary with the M3x10 and M3x40 screws

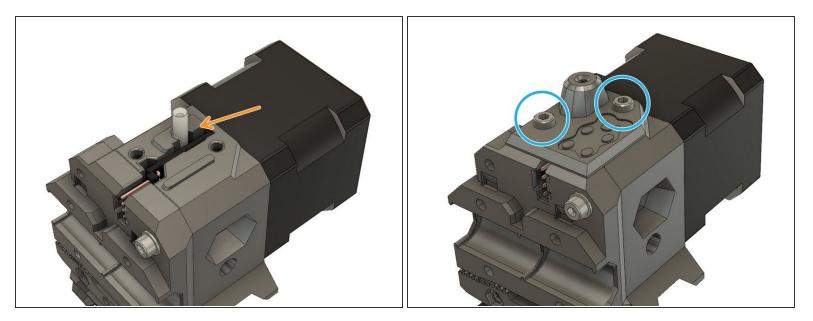
#### Step 7 — Filament sensor assembly



- In order to avoid electrostatic discharge to the filament sensor, touch something metallic that is linked to the ground, for example pipework or a faucet.
- (i) Verify that the laser sensor is clean. If not, use a cotton bud (q-tip) with a dab of Isopropyl alcohol.
- Insert the filament sensor into the *extruder\_body*. Avoid touching any of the components on the PCB.
- Using an M3x10 screw, secure the filament sensor.

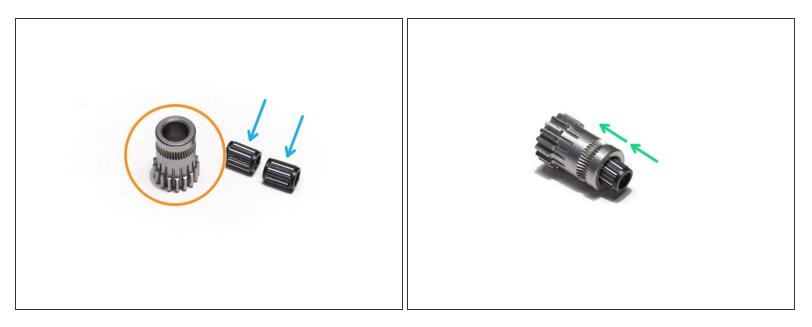
A Don't over-tighten the filament sensor to avoid damaging the PCB.

#### Step 8 — Filament sensor cover assembly



- Insert the small PTFE tube in the extruder\_body
- Use two M3x10 screws and the *filament\_sensor\_cover* to close the top of the *extruder\_body*

## Step 9 — Extruder idler preparation



- Locate the Bondtech drive gear. This is the one that has NO set screw.
- Lubricate the needle bearings with a dab of lithium based grease
- Slide two Bondtech needle bearings in the Bondtech drive gear.

#### Step 10 — Extruder idler preparation

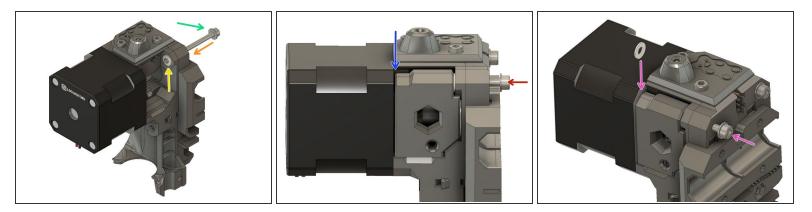


• Place the idler gear into the *extruder\_idler*. Note the orientation of the teeth.

A Make sure that both needle bearings are still present in the idler gear.

- Insert the shaft from the direction as shown in the figure.
- Insert a square nut in the lateral pocket.
- $\bigwedge$  Double check the orientation of the gears.
- A Double check that no needle bearings fell out during these steps

#### Step 11 — Extruder idler assembly



- Slide a M3 washer on a M3x40 screw.
- Insert the screw in the top left hole of the x\_carriage until it is just protruding from the other side of the extruder\_body.
- Add a M3 nylon washer on the end of the screw.
- Add the *extruder\_idler* in the opening. and push the screw.
- Leave a space to insert the second M3 nylon washer.
- Insert the second M3 nylon washer and push the screw further to secure it.
- Slightly tighten the screw, ensuring that the *extruder\_idler* can still rotate freely.

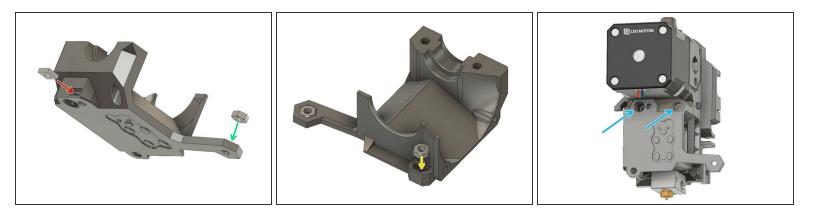
#### Step 12 — Hotend assembly



(i) Hotend wires are not visible in these images. Use the heatblock to orientate the hotend correctly.

- Push down the PTFE tube while raising up the collet.
- Insert the *hotend\_collet\_clip*. This locks the PFTE tube in place.
- Insert the hot end into the *extruder\_body* so that the heater and thermistor wires are properly oriented.
- Note the position of the heater and thermistor wires.

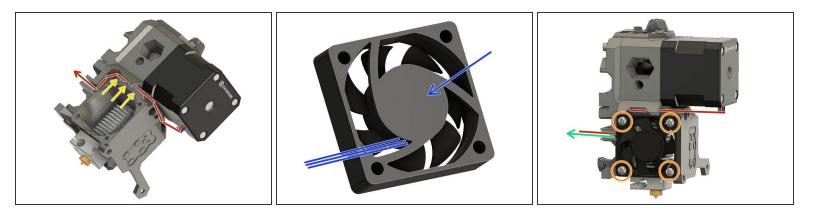
#### Step 13 — Extruder cover assembly



- Insert one M3 square nut
- Insert one M3 hex nut
- Insert one M3 hex nut
- Insert two M3x40 screw to lock the hotend in place

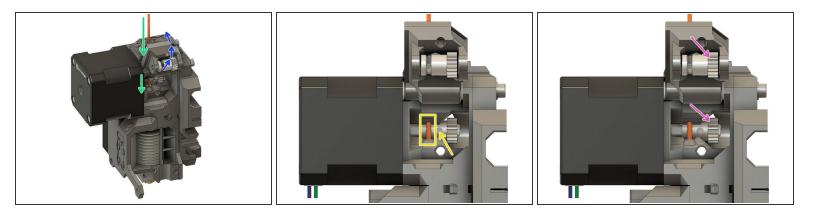
A Check that the hotend has not rotated, adjust if necessary.

#### Step 14 — Hotend fan assembly



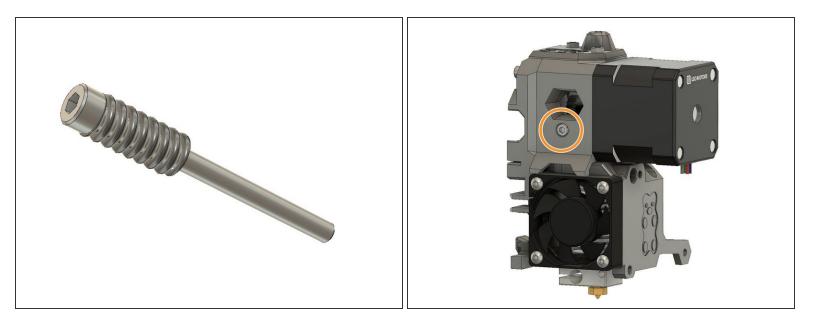
- Carefully route the motor wires as shown in the figure.
- Make sure the wires sit correctly in the channel.
- This surface will be touching the *extruder\_body*. Wires are going out from this side.
- Carefully route the hotend fan wires in the *x\_carriage*.
- Attach the hotend fan with four M3x14 rounded head screws.
- $\bigwedge$  Check that no wires are pinched.
- $\bigwedge$  Check hotend fan orientation.

#### Step 15 — Bondtech gear alignment



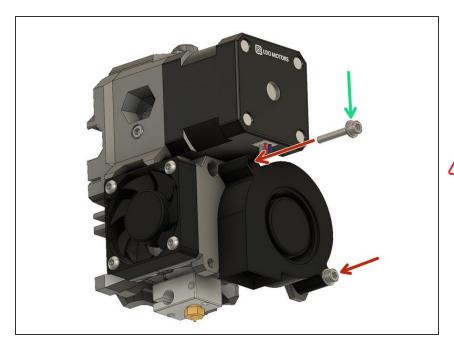
- Open the *extruder\_idler*
- Insert a piece of 1.75 mm filament through the *extruder\_body* into the PFTE tube.
- Using the Bondtech set screw, carefully center the filament on the drive teeth.
- Tighten the set screw. Don't tighten too much as you will damage the thread.
- Remove the filament.
- This is a good moment to put a dab of lithium based grease on the gears. Make sure to only put grease on the gears, not the drive teeth!

#### Step 16 — Extruder idler tensioner screw



- Make sure you have totally removed the filament from the *extruder\_body*.
- Slide an extruder spring on a M3x40 screw.
- Close the *extruder\_idler* door.
- Slide the screw with the extruder spring in the *extruder\_body*.
- Tighten the screw in the *extruder\_idler* until the head is flush with the surface of the body.
- (i) If you have trouble closing the *extruder\_idler*, try rotating the Bondtech idler gear with your finger.

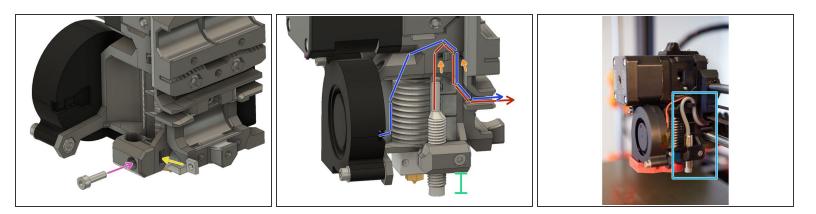
## Step 17



- Slide a M3 washer on a M3x18 screw. Do the same for another M3x18 screw.
- Attach the print fan using the screws

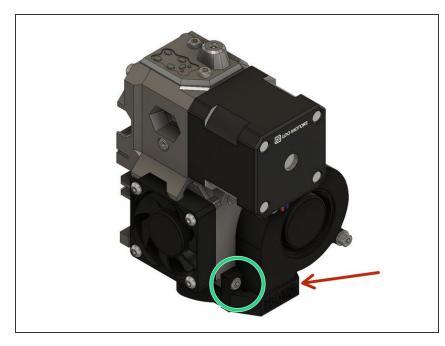
Be careful not to over tighten in order to avoid damaging the fan.

#### Step 18 — Pinda probe assembly



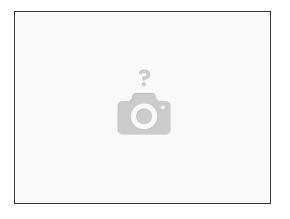
- Place a square nut in the *extruder\_body* for the *pinda\_mount*.
- Slide an M3x10 screw in the *pinda\_mount* and engage the square nut, but do not tighten.
- Insert the Pinda in the mount so that the sensor end is 12mm below the bottom of the pinda\_mount. Tighten the screw just enough to keep the Pinda from falling out. The optimum Pinda position will be adjusted later.
- Route the Pinda wires
- Route the print fan wires
- Secure the cables with a zip tie. Be sure to leave some slack since the Pinda position will need to be adjusted later.
- This is an example of how the Pinda and print fan cables should be wired.

#### Step 19 — Print fan shroud assembly



- (i) There is currently no official print fan shroud for the Bear extruder. I recommend the <u>original R1 shroud</u> from Prusa. Some other good alternatives are the shroud from <u>RH\_Dreambox</u> or <u>Robps</u>.
  - Insert the print shroud. If necessary, slightly unscrew the print fan.
  - Use an M3x10 screw to attach the shroud

#### Step 20 — Next chapter



- Congratulations you have finished this chapter :-)
- Go to the next chapter: <u>4. Extruder and X axis assembly</u>

To reassemble your device, follow these instructions in reverse order.