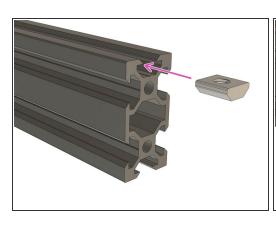
# Bear Lab

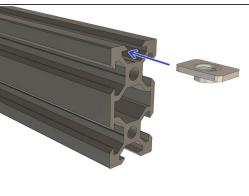
# 03. Y axis frame

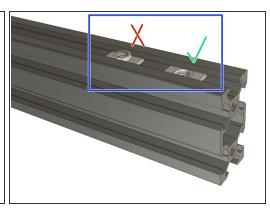
Written By: Grégoire Saunier



#### Step 1 — How to insert t-nuts

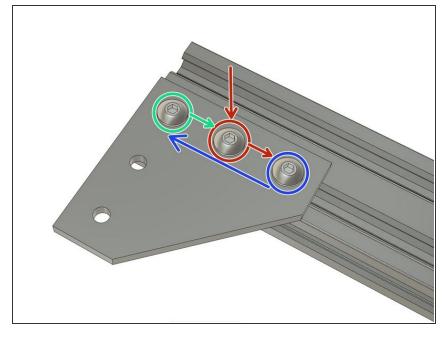






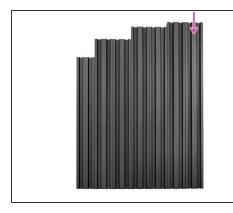
- (i) We are using t-nuts to attach parts and plates to the extrusions. These t-nuts slide inside the extrusion.
  - The Bear Upgrade 2.1 comes with custom designed t-nuts that can only be inserted in the correct orientation.
- If you use Openbuilds hardware or other kits your t-nuts need to be inserted in a certain orientation.
- (i) Tech note: our new t-nuts reduce the chance of damaging the frame, have a longer and more precisely machined thread and being manufactured from stainless steel, they are rust free.

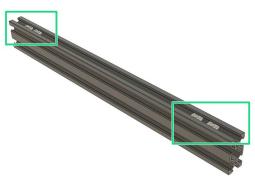
#### Step 2 — How to tighten screws

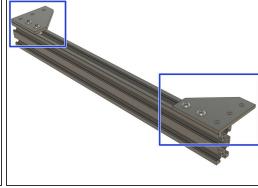


- Here are some tips on how to tighten screws; to avoid damage, to make alignment easier and to ensure consistently torqued screws.
- If you have several screws to tighten together, always tighten them incrementally until they are snug.
  - When you have 3 screws you can follow this tightening sequence:
    - Start with the middle one
    - Continue to the second one
    - Tighten the third one and repeat until all screws are snug.

#### Step 3 — Back and front extrusions

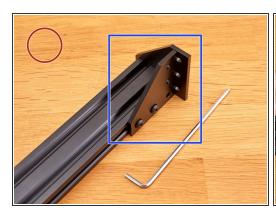




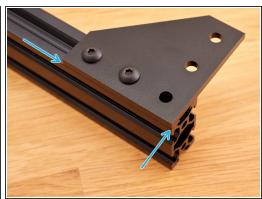


- Take one of two longest extrusions. It is 370mm long.
- On the 20mm face of the extrusion, slide 2x t-nuts on each side (4x t-nuts in total).
- Bolt 2x joining plates on the t-nuts using 4x M5x10mm screws. Do not tighten them fully yet.

#### Step 4 — Back and front extrusions



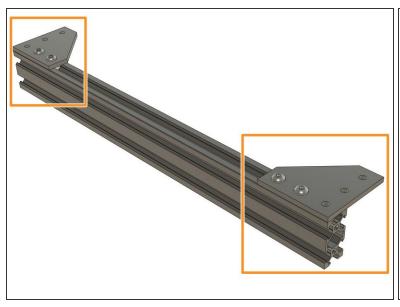


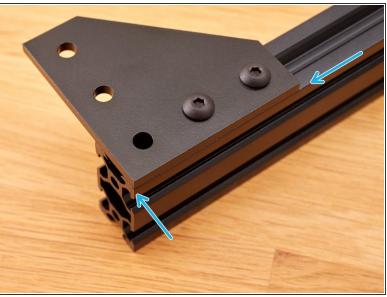


# Take your time with this step.

- Make sure that you are working on a flat and hard surface.
- Take a joining plate and hold it against the extrusion, as shown in the 1st image. We will use it to aid in the alignment of the first joining plate
- Hold the plates as shown in the 2nd image, applying pressure as shown (small green arrows), and tighten both M5x10 screws fully.
- Check that your plate is flush with the face and end of the extrusion.
  - ↑ This is an important step as other steps will rely on the accuracy of this assembly.

#### Step 5 — Back and front extrusions

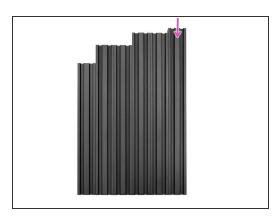




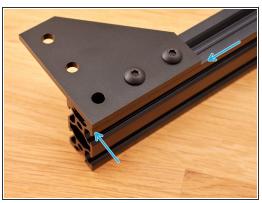
#### 

- Repeat the instruction from Step 4, to align and attach the the joining plate at the other end of the extrusion.
- Check that this plate is also flush with the face and end of the extrusion.
  - ⚠ This is an important step as other steps will rely on the accuracy of this assembly.

#### Step 6 — Back and front extrusions



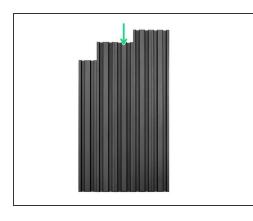


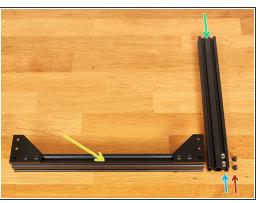


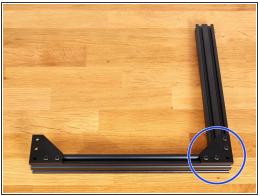
### ↑ Take your time with this step.

- Take the other 370mm long extrusion (longest one remaining).
- Repeat Steps 3, 4 and 5 on this extrusion. You should now have two identical assemblies.
- Double check that all joining plates are flush with the face and end of each extrusion.
  - ↑ This is an important step as other steps will rely on the accuracy of this assembly.

#### Step 7 — Reference corner assembly

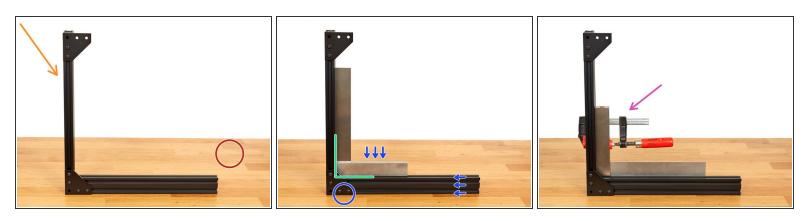






- Take one of the 331mm\* extrusions. (\*The middle length of the five remaining extrusions)
- Prepare the following parts:
  - 1x previously completed extrusion and plate assembly
  - 2x t-nuts. Slide them into the 331mm extrusion as shown in the picture.
  - 2x M5x10 screws
- Assemble the corner, as shown, using the 2x M5 screws. Do not fully tighten these two screws!

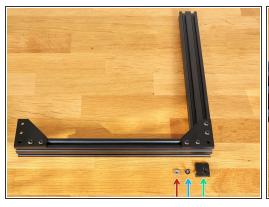
#### Step 8 — Reference corner squaring



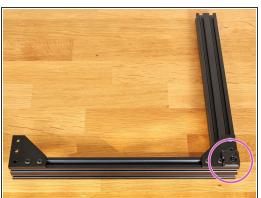
- ↑ Take your time with this step. It will be a reference for the rest of the assembly. A third hand might be useful, ask someone to help, if possible.
- Make sure that you are working on a flat and level surface.
- Place the assembly vertically, as shown.
- ↑ Take care that the assembly does not fall.
- Using a machinist's precision square, ensure that the two extrusions are perpendicular to each other.
- Apply pressure in the directions shown and fully tighten the two M5x10 screws.
  - Tech tip: This step can be made easier if you have a clamp. You can then secure the thicker side of your square to the vertical extrusion as shown in the 3rd image.

Nerify that the assembly is still square after tightening. Correct it if needed.

#### Step 9 — Reference foot assembly

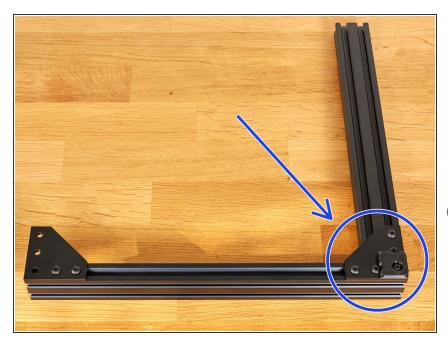






- Prepare the following parts:
  - One t-nut.
  - One M5x12 screw
  - One 3D printed foot (foot.stl)
- Slide the t-nut from the right side.
- Tighten the foot with the M5x12 screw.

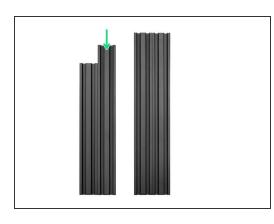
#### Step 10 — Reference foot

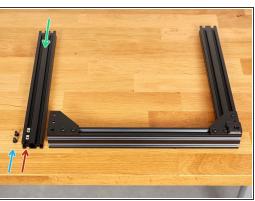


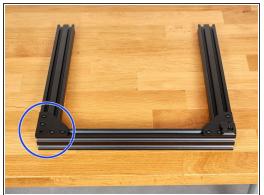
- The corner with the foot is now considered as a reference. In case of doubt during the next steps, you know that this corner is perfectly square and you don't have to touch it anymore.
- You can double check that the five M5 screws are all fully tightened.

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#### Step 11 — Y axis assembly

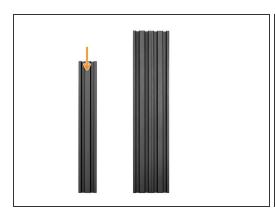


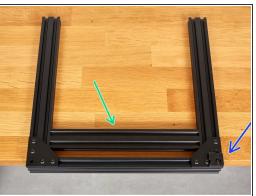




- Take the remaining 331mm\* extrusion. (\*The middle length of the four remaining extrusions)
- Prepare the following parts:
  - 2x M5x10 screws.
  - 2x t-nuts. Slide them into the 331mm extrusion as shown in the picture.
- Attach the 331mm extrusion, to the assembly, with the M5 screws. Do not fully tighten them yet!

#### Step 12 — Y axis squaring



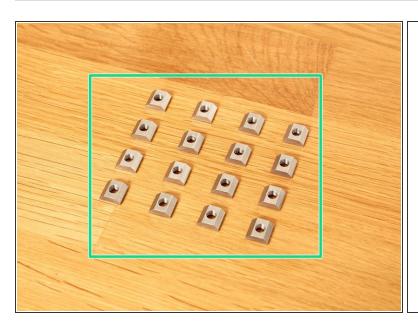


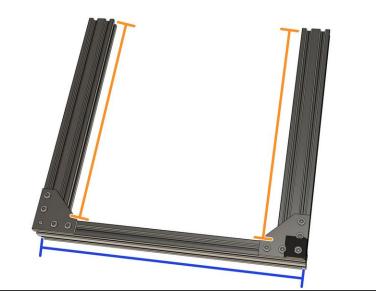


### ↑ Take your time with this step.

- Take the smallest extrusions of those remaining. It is 290mm long. It will be used as a reference, to ensure that parts are correctly spaced.
- Place the assembly at the end of a table, as shown, so that the two 331mm extrusions lie flat on the surface.
- Carefully place the 290mm extrusion between the other extrusions, as shown in the 2nd image.
  Be careful that you do not scratch or permanently mark the extrusions whilst doing this.
- Apply pressure in the directions shown and fully tighten the 2x M5x10 screws.
- Carefully remove the 290mm extrusion and reserve it for later.

#### Step 13 — T-nuts and extrusions verifications





- Take 16x t-nuts and for each, check that the threads are clear by inserting an M5 screw.
  - Those 16 t-nuts are captive and would require you to disassemble the Y axis of the frame, if you later find any to be defective. It is easier to check them first. You can thanks <u>3DMN for this handy tip :)</u>
- Double check that you have used the correct extrusion lengths:
  - 370mm
  - 331mm

# Step 14 — T-nuts installation for Z axis







- Take 12 of the previously tested t-nuts. Insert them, as shown, in both 20mm sides of the extrusions.
- Inserts 3x t-nuts in each side (12 in total) as seen in the 2nd and 3rd pictures.

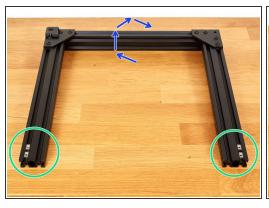
#### Step 15 — T-nuts installation for angle corners





- Flip the assembly. Being careful that the placed t-nuts do no fall out.
- Take the remaining 4 t-nuts, which you previously tested, and slide them into the extrusions as shown in the image.
- Tech tip: You can tape the t-nuts to the centre of the extrusions. This will prevent them sliding out of the extrusions during the following steps. (two small pieces of Blu Tack also work)
  - ⚠ Do not place tape on the outer, 20mm, faces of the extrusions. The sides will be placed flat on the table and the thickness of the tape could affect accuracy whilst squaring the frame.

#### Step 16 — Y axis assembly

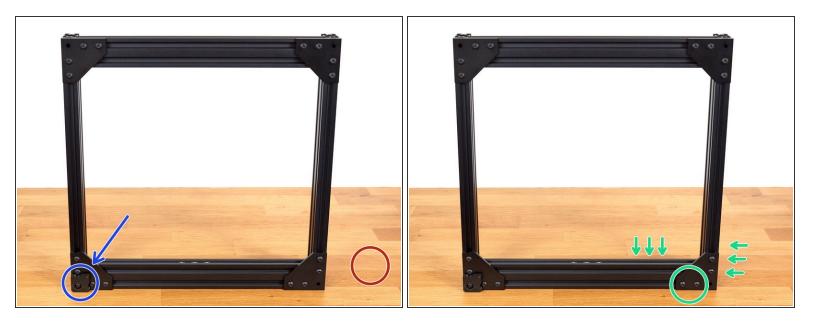






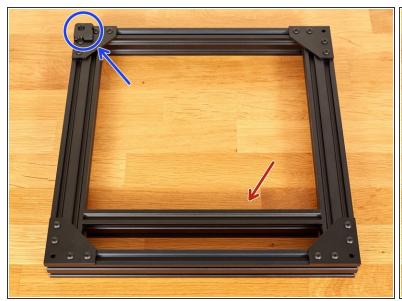
- Flip the assembly. Being careful that the placed t-nuts do no fall out.
- Take 4x t-nuts and insert them as shown in the 1st picture.
- Take the second 370mm extrusion + plate assembly which you built in step 5. Attach it with 4x M5x10 screws. Do not tighten them fully yet!
- Verify that all 12 t-nuts remain in the sides of the 331mm extrusions.

#### Step 17 — Y axis squaring



- Take your time with this step. Ask for help from someone else if you feel the need of a third hand (please don't use one of your feet :) ).
- Move the Y axis into to the vertical position with the 3D printed foot on the bottom left.
  - ↑ Take care that the Y axis does not fall over.
- Make sure you are on a flat and level surface.
- Apply pressure in the directions shown and fully tighten the 2x M5x10 screws.

#### Step 18 — Y axis squaring





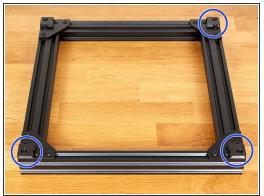
Take your time with this step. It is the last step for squaring the Y axis:).

- Place the frame flat on the table, ensuring that the reference corner is at the back left position.
- Carefully insert the 290mm extrusion between the two Y extrusions, as shown in the 1st image.
  - ↑ Be careful that you do not scratch or permanently mark the extrusions whilst doing this.
- Apply pressure, in the direction of the arrows, as shown in the image, and fully tighten the M5 screws.

## Step 19 — Feet assembly







- Check that all 6, of the recently added, M5x10 screws are fully tightened.
- Prepare the following parts:
  - 3x 3D printed feet (foot.stl)
  - 3x M5x12 screws
  - 3x t-nuts
- Attach the 3 feet using the M5x12 screws and t-nuts.

# Step 20 — Angle corners assembly

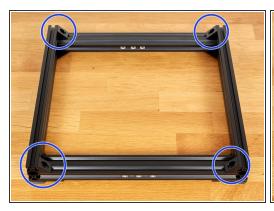






- Place the frame with the feet flat on the table.
- Prepare the following parts:
  - 4x angle corners
  - 4x t-nuts
  - 8x M5x8mm screws
- Arrange the 4 t-nuts, which you had placed previously, close to the front and rear extrusions, as shown.
- Insert 4 t-nuts into the front and rear extrusions as shown.

#### Step 21 — Angle corner assembly

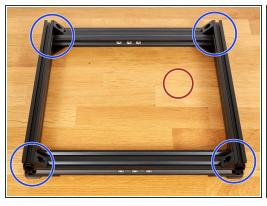






- Attach an angle corner, using 2x M5x8 screws at each corner. Do not tighten them fully yet!
- For each corner, tighten the two M5x8 screws, in turn, while applying pressure as shown in the images.
- The angle corners might pull the frame slightly out of alignment as you tighten them, we will correct this in the next step. Applying pressure, to hold them tight against the extrusions, while tightening the screws, helps to reduce this.
  - Tech note: this is why the Bear frame does not use angle corners in other places.

#### Step 22 — Angle corner assembly

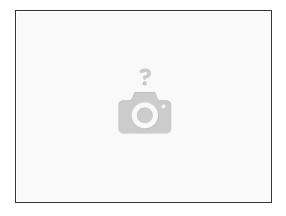






- Make sure you are on a flat and level surface
- Check that the frame is not twisted by pressing downwards, on each corner in turn.
  - If the frame is flat and does not wobble, you can continue to the next step.
  - If the frame wobbles, place a 5-10mm thick object under the opposite corner as shown in the 2nd image.
    - (i) The small green arrows show the wobbly diagonal. It might be the other diagonal for you, in this case, place the object in the bottom right corner.
  - Apply pressure on the wobbly corners on both sides at the same time. There is no need to apply strong pressure.
  - Now remove the thick object and check whether the frame is now flat on the table. If it is still wobbling, repeat these steps until it lies flat on the table.
    - if the frame is still wobbling, double check that your surface is flat. If necessary, loosen all of the angle corners and repeat the previous step (Step 21) and then the current one.

## Step 23 — Next chapter



- Congratulations you have finished the hardest part of the assembly :-)
- Got to the next chapter: 04. Z axis frame